Informations *Rapides*

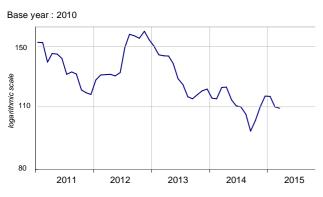


Indices of agricultural prices - March 2015

Increase in overall agricultural producer prices in March 2015

In March 2015, overall agricultural prices rebounded by 0.4 % relatively to February ; over one year they decreased by 6.7 %

Overall cereal prices slipped in March (-0.7% after -5.2%), despite the plunge in the price of durum wheat (almost 15%). The high prices of this cereal in 2014 had prompted the farmers to switch to this growing, thus suggesting a more abundant supply this year than in previous years. As for soft wheat and maïze, their prices were firm due to a competitive euro against the dollar, despite the abundance of the supply.



Producer prices of cereals

Source : Insee

In March, oleaginous prices kept going up (+3.5% after +1.7%) : rape became more expensive as a result of cuts in grown area and therefore a lower expected harvest in Europe.

Wine prices dipped over one year (-1.5 %). The last harvest was good, except in the Languedoc-Roussillon region. Consequently, the prices of common wines, massively produced in this region, rose significantly (+14.1% yoy). Conversely, prices of PDO (protected designation of origin) wines decreased over one year (-6.4%).

The price of potato plummeted from the previous year (-27.2%): crops in North-West Europe were more abundant in 2014 than in 2013, due to higher yields.

Fresh fruits prices were almost stable compared to last year (+0.2%). Apple price declined due to the european competition: the crop was abundant in Europe, in addition the exportation market was burdened by the Russian embargo. Conversely, the strawberry began its marketing season with a higher price than last year at the same period, reflecting a demand driven by a balmy month of March.

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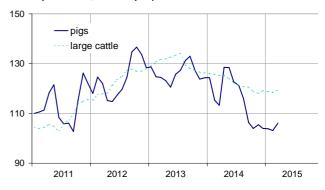
Producer prices of vegetables

Source : SSP (ministry of agriculture)

Fresh vegetable prices increased (+12.0% after +23.6%). Those for lettuces, endives and cauliflowers rose sharply over one year due to significant cuts in their planted areas.

Producer prices of pigs and large cattle

Base year : 2010 ; seasonally adjusted



Source : Insee

On a seasonally adjusted basis, livestock prices rallied in March (+1.0%), but went down yoy (-4.5%). Pig prices decreased over this period (-6.4%) as a consequence of the Russian embargo. Price of cow milk sank over one year (-20,1%): the Asian demand slowed down while the Russian embargo made the export market overloaded.

Indices of producer prices of agricultural products (IPPAP)

Dees wears 2010

| | | | Base year: 2010 | | | | | | |
|---------------------------|------|-------|-----------------|----------|--------|--|--|--|--|
| | | | Variat | ion as % | 6 over | | | | |
| | | Marc | | | | | | | |
| | weig | h | а | 3 | a year | | | | |
| | hts | 2015 | month | months | - | | | | |
| | | | Seaso | | | | | | |
| | | raw | adjusted | | | | | | |
| Agricultural goods output | 1000 | 111.2 | +0.4 | -2.5 | -6.7 | | | | |
| excluding fruits and | | | | | | | | | |
| vegetables | 900 | 112.1 | +0.5 | -3.0 | -7.8 | | | | |
| Crop output (excluding | | | | | | | | | |
| fruits and vegetables) | 505 | 115.4 | +0.5 | -1.5 | -6.4 | | | | |
| Cereals | 188 | 109.3 | -0.7 | -5.9 | -10.0 | | | | |
| of which soft wheat | 112 | 108.6 | +0.1 | -4.5 | -12.5 | | | | |
| grain maize | 41 | 93.3 | +2.9 | -2.2 | -14.3 | | | | |
| Potatoes | 26 | 95.9 | /// | /// | -27.2 | | | | |
| Wines | 177 | 129.7 | +0.7 | +0.1 | -1.5 | | | | |
| Protected designation of | | | | | | | | | |
| origin | 84 | 134.1 | +0.9 | -0.5 | -6.4 | | | | |
| other wines | 23 | 150.4 | +1.2 | +2.3 | +14.1 | | | | |
| Oleaginous | 49 | 100.5 | +3.5 | +7.6 | -6.4 | | | | |
| Horticultural products | 30 | 105.7 | +1.5 | +0.9 | +1.3 | | | | |
| Other crop products | 36 | 119.6 | -0.5 | -0.6 | -2.6 | | | | |
| Fruits and vegetables (1) | 100 | 102.7 | /// | /// | +5.3 | | | | |
| Fresh vegetables | 53 | 94.6 | | | +12.0 | | | | |
| Fresh fruits | 35 | 109.9 | | | +0.2 | | | | |
| Animal output | 395 | 107.9 | +0.5 | -4.9 | -9.6 | | | | |
| Animals | 234 | 113.7 | +1.0 | +0.6 | -4.5 | | | | |
| of which large cattle | 96 | 119.4 | - | +0.2 | -4.4 | | | | |
| calves | 26 | 111.0 | | -1.5 | -3.7 | | | | |
| pigs | 54 | 106.6 | | +2.0 | -6.4 | | | | |
| sheep | 10 | 121.0 | - | +0.9 | +5.5 | | | | |
| poultry | 46 | 109.6 | | +0.6 | -5.0 | | | | |
| of which chicken | 28 | 110.0 | | +1.4 | -4.6 | | | | |
| Milk | 147 | 97.7 | 0.0 | -12.0 | -18.8 | | | | |
| of which cow milk (2) | 137 | 97.1 | 0.0 | -12.9 | -20.1 | | | | |
| Eggs | 15 | 118.9 | -2.7 | -17.1 | +3.2 | | | | |

(1) Including vegetables for industry.

(2)The price for March is not yet known and therefore is estimated by carrying forward the seasonally adjusted price from February Sources : Insee - SSP (ministry of agriculture)

The purchase price of the means of production increased in March

In March, input prices rose again (+0.4% after +1.3%), due to rebounding energy prices following the previous slip (-10.8% yoy). Similarly, feed prices had been firming up (+0.3% on one month, -6.1% yoy). Investments prices slightly increased (+0.2%).

Purchase price of the means of agricultural production



Sources : Insee - SSP (ministry of agriculture)

Indices of purchase prices of the means of agricultural production (IPAMPA)

| | | | Ba | ase yea | ar: 2010 |
|--------------------------------|------|-------|------------------|---------|----------|
| | | Marc | | | |
| | weig | | Variation as % | | |
| | hts | 2015 | over | | |
| | | | a 3 | | |
| | | | mont mont a year | | |
| | | | h | hs | |
| Total input | | 110.7 | - | | -2.0 |
| Intermediate consumptions | - | 112.1 | - | | -2.5 |
| Energy | | 104.4 | | | -10.8 |
| Seeds | 57 | 108.9 | | | +0.2 |
| Fertilisers and soil improvers | 92 | 122.5 | | | +3.6 |
| Plant protection products | 78 | 100.4 | | - | +0.2 |
| Animal feed | | 118.4 | | | -6.1 |
| Veterinary expenses | 43 | 113.2 | | +0.8 | +2.3 |
| Small equipment and tools | 17 | 107.7 | - | -2.0 | -0.6 |
| Maintenance of materials | 67 | 112.8 | 0.0 | +1.0 | +1.4 |
| Maintenance of buildings | 9 | 106.5 | 0.0 | -0.4 | -0.2 |
| Other goods and services | 97 | 102.1 | 0.0 | +0.1 | +0.3 |
| Goods and services | | | | | |
| contributing to investment | 236 | 106.5 | +0.2 | +0.5 | -0.4 |
| Material | 186 | 107.1 | +0.3 | +0.7 | 0.0 |
| Tractors | 79 | 106.7 | +0.2 | +1.1 | -0.8 |
| Machinery and plant for | | | | | |
| cultivation | 36 | 109.7 | +0.3 | +0.8 | +1.8 |
| Machinery and plant for | | | | | |
| harvesting | 42 | 107.2 | +0.3 | +0.3 | +0.2 |
| Utility vehicles | 18 | 104.2 | +0.3 | -0.8 | -1.0 |
| Buildings | 50 | 104.0 | 0.0 | -0.1 | -2.0 |

(1) The repayment of the domestic tax on energy products (TICPE) benefiting farmers has been applied in advance for the year 2015 *Sources: Insee - SSP (ministry of agriculture)*

To know more about French indices of agricultural prices:

The index of producer prices for agricultural products (IPPAP) measures the changes in products prices when they are put on the market for the first time. They are set at 100 in 2010, the coefficients for their weights come from national accounts and are based on the year 2010. The weight-coefficients of fresh fruits and vegetables, early potatoes and cut flowers change every month, which reflects their very seasonal pattern. As a result their variations must be interpreted year-over-year. Seasonally adjustments are restricted to cattle, milk, cut flowers as a whole, and to some other agregates.

The methodology can be found via the link hereafter:

http://www.insee.fr/fr/publications-et-services/sommaire.asp?codesage=IMET121&nivgeo=0, and for fresh vegetables and fruits. in Agreste - Chiffres et Données - n° 165 - février 2005.

The index of purchase prices of the means of agricultural production (IPAMPA) reflects the variations of goods and services used in the agricultural process. They are based on the survey conducted by the ministry of agriculture at wholesale dealers of fertilisers, feed for animals, phytosanitary products, seeds, veterinary products and services and small equipment; IPAMPA are also based on output prices industry (IPP) for energy and equipment goods; on consumption prices (IPC) for fuel; and on construction index for buildings (BT and TP) and their maintenance. They are based on the year 2010.

Further data (historical data, simplified methodology) are located on the HTML page of this publishing : <u>http://www.insee.fr/fr/themes/info-rapide.asp?id=80</u>

- Find directly historical data in the database « Base de Données Macro-économiques »: G1465, G1466

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